homework #2 Fitting Yield Curve with the Vasicek Model

1. Assume certain parameter values (e.g.  $\alpha = 0.9$ ,  $\mu = 0.05$ ,  $\sigma = 0.1$ ,  $\lambda = 0$ ) and use the Vasicek model (equation (14.2) on page 300) to plot a yield curve.

- Let *t* be current time 0 and *T* be maturity time from  $1 \sim 30$  and compute P(t,T) using (14.2)
- Compute  $y(t,T) = -\ln P(t,T)/(T-t)$
- Draw the yield curve

2. Collect a yield curve (e.g. CMT rates) of any given day and fit it with the Vasicek model (i.e. compute  $\alpha$ ,  $\mu$ ,  $\sigma$ , and let  $\lambda = 0$ ).

- What are the values?
- Draw the raw yield data (dots) and fitted curve (line)

Bonus

1. Do above using the CIR model (equation (14.4))

2. Do above using the two-factor Vasicek model (explained below)

Multi-factor Vasicek model

As in the lecture notes, equation (14.2) is derived via

$$P(t,T) = E\left[\exp\left(-\int_{t}^{T} r(u)du\right)\right]$$

Now let the interest rate be decomposed into K factors as follows:

 $r(t) = \sum_{k=1}^{K} y_k(t)$  where factors are independent Then

$$P(t,T) = E\left[\exp\left(-\int_{t}^{T} r(u)du\right)\right]$$
  
=  $E\left[\exp\left(-\left(\int_{t}^{T} y_{1}(u)du + \int y_{2}(u)du + \cdots\right)\right)\right]$   
=  $E\left[\exp\left(-\int_{t}^{T} y_{1}(u)du\right)\right]E\left[\exp\left(-\int_{t}^{T} y_{1}(u)du\right)\right]\cdots$   
=  $P_{1}(t,T)P_{2}(t,T)\cdots$ 

where each  $P_i(t,T)$  is equation (14.2). Hence, we have K times as many parameters as in the one-factor model.

due on 4/1 (paper submission only)